



Switchgrass and Miscanthus as Energy Crops – Agricultural aspects

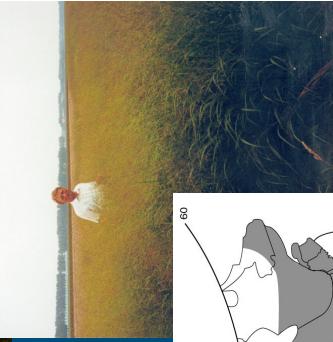
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ENERGY CROPS &
BIOGAS
PATHWAYS TO
SUCCESS? September
22, 2005





| Attribute? | Miscanthus | Switchgrass |
|----------------------------|--|--|
| Latin Name | Miscanthus spp. | Panicum virgatum L. |
| Native Range | South East Asia, Japan | North America |
| Yields tons DM per year | 12 to 35 tons DM | 10 to 30 tons DM |
| Photosynthesis system | C4 | C4 |
| Height | Up to 4 m | Up to 2,5 m |
| Rotation time | 15 years | 15 years |
| Propagation method | Rhizomes | Seed |
| Adaptation | Moderate winters, sufficient/low moisture | Moderate winters, sufficient/low moisture |
| Adaptation range in Europe | Cool and warm region of Europe | Cool and warm region of Europe |
| Harvest time | Fall to early spring | Fall to early spring |
| Energy output/input | 15 to 20 | |
| Break even | 50 years | 6 years |
| Fertiliser input | In northern EU 0 to 50 kg N. In south 50 to 100 kg N | In northern EU 0 to 50 kg N. In south 50 to 100 kg N |
| Water use | Low | Low |
| Erosion control | Rel. Good | Very good |





Switchgrass and Miscanthus

Traditionally used for:

- Fodder
- Erosion control
- Ornamental

Recently developed for:

- Heat and Power
- Ethanol
- Fibre/pulp
- Delayed harvest system is used!!



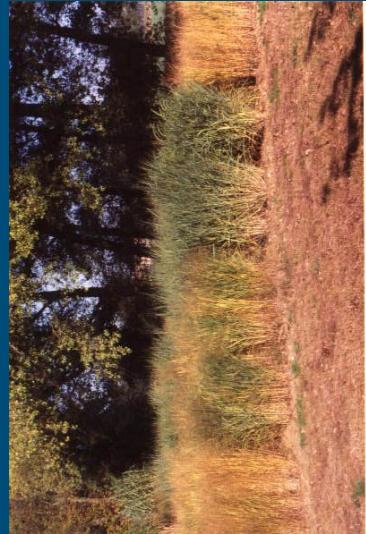
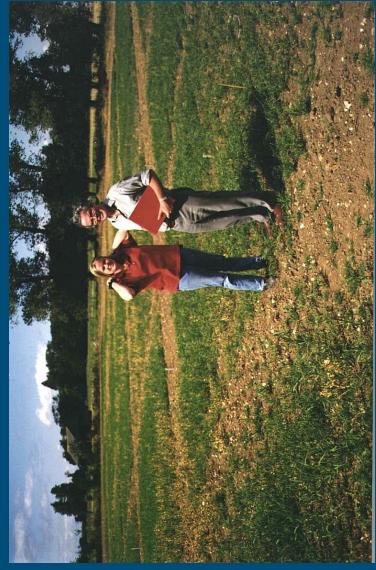
Estimated dry (spring!) yields in Europe

| Crop | Environmental zone | Highest experimental yields = 100% | Low yielding soils = 45% | Average soils = 55% | Good soils = 70% |
|-----------------------------|---------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------|------------------|
| Switchgrass | Atlantic Central | 14.8 | 6.7 | 8.1 | 10.4 |
| | Atlantic North | 11.3 | 5.1 | 6.2 | 7.9 |
| | Mediterranean North | 23.0 | 10.4 | 12.7 | 16.1 |
| <i>Miscanthus giganteus</i> | Atlantic Central | 17.2 | 7.7 | 9.5 | 12.0 |
| | Atlantic North | 16.0 | 7.2 | 8.8 | 11.2 |
| | Continental | 22.8 | 10.3 | 12.5 | 16.0 |
| | Mediterranean North | 30.0 | 13.5 | 16.5 | 21.0 |

Expect a steep learning curve (2% = 37% yield increase 2004- 2020)



Delayed harvest system:

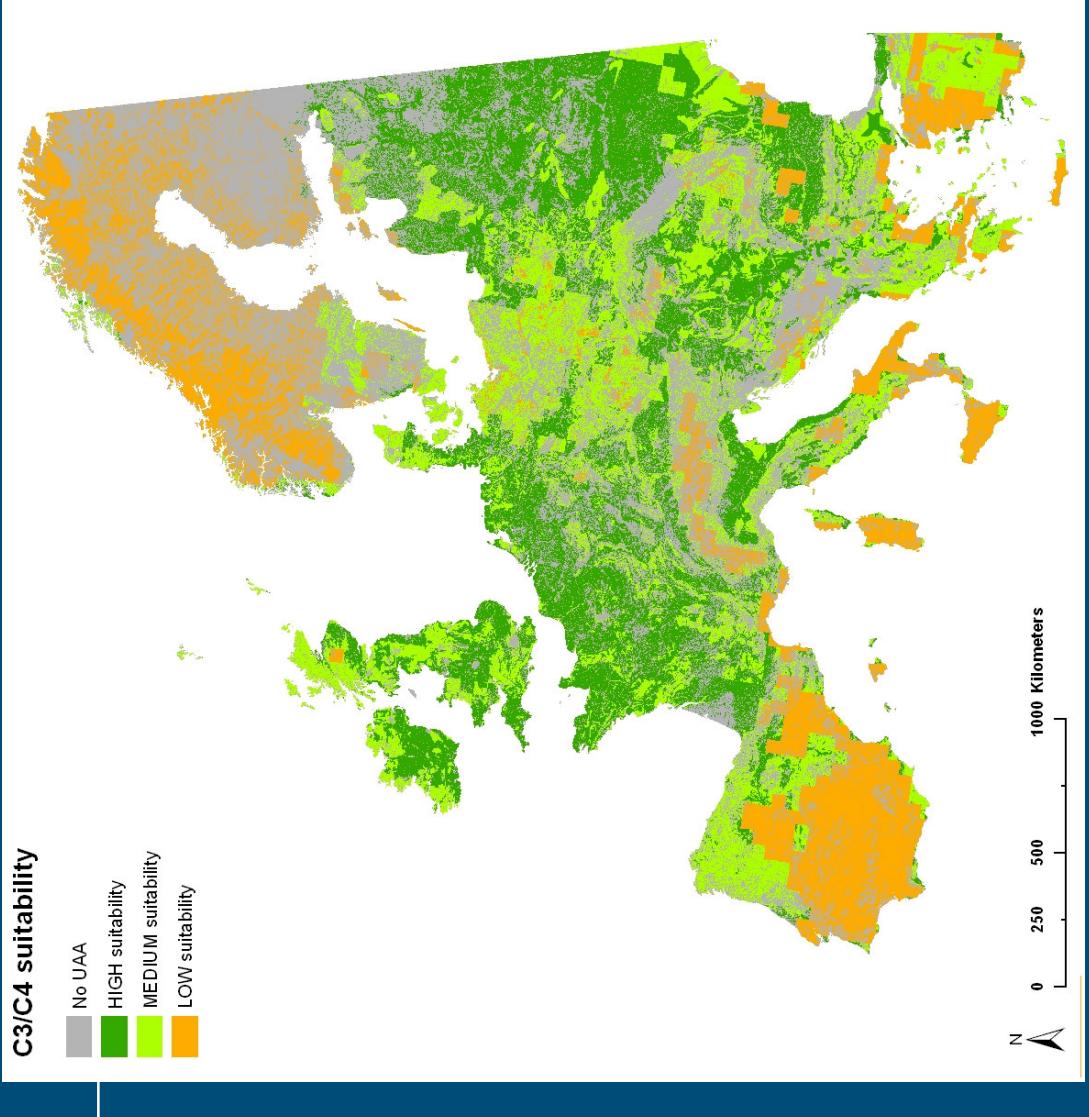




C3/C4 suitability

- No UAA
- HIGH suitability
- MEDIUM suitability
- LOW suitability

Combined climate and
soil suitability for
perennial biomass
grasses





Comparison *Miscanthus* and switchgrass

| Attribute | <i>Miscanthus giganteus</i> | Switchgrass |
|---------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------|
| Establishment cost | 3000 € | 300€ |
| Establishment risk | Higher | Lower |
| Yield | Higher | Lower |
| Return on investment time | Longer | Shorter |
| Quality | Lower ash melting point? | Higher ash melting point? |
| Fertilization response | Low | Low |

Does higher *Miscanthus* yields compensate for higher investment cost?

Maybe under good conditions, else use switchgrass



Delayed harvest system advantages

- Dry biomass

- Lower transport cost

- No drying

- Easy storability

- Low ash

- Low free sugars

- High fibre/lignocellulose

- Low nutrient off take

- Translocation of nutrients to below ground

- Good regrowth in spring

- Good stand management

| Harvest time | N | P | K |
|---------------|------|------|------|
| Fall | 0,46 | 0,12 | 0,95 |
| Winter/Spring | 0,33 | 0,04 | 0,06 |

| Harvest date | Location 1 | Location 2 | Location 3 |
|------------------|------------|------------|------------|
| 1 September 1993 | 7.6 | 8.4 | 8.0 |
| 1 October 1993 | 7.4 | 8.4 | 7.9 |
| 1 November 1993 | 8.8 | 9.4 | 9.1 |



Delayed harvest system disadvantages

- Yield losses due to winter losses
- Low biomass digestibility
- Market for dry biomass not there yet
- There is a market for “biogas biomass”!

| | Harvest date | Yield 93/94 (ton/ha) | Yield 94/95 (ton/ha) |
|-------------|--------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| 1 September | | 13.6 | |
| 1 November | | 11.1 | 8.6 |
| 13 January | | 10.2 | 8.3 |
| 1 April | | 10.0 | 7.8 |

- Switchgrass and Miscanthus delayed harvest system produces very low quality biomass for biogas production.
- Can we develop a management system for perennial biomass grasses that deliver high quality high yield biomass for anaerobic digestion?



Try:

- 1 early harvest (more will probably lower stand maintenance)
 - 1 August
 - 15 August
 - 1 September
 - 15 September
- Allow time for re-growth and senescing
- Will need higher fertilization rates
- Silage storage system?



Further information:

- www.switchgrass.nl
- www.biomassandbioenergy.nl